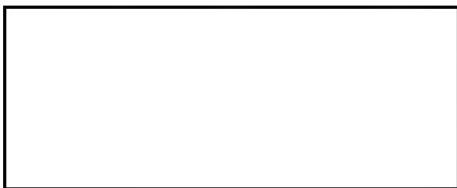


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10 March 1956



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DIA and DOS review(s) completed.

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1. AMERICAN CONSULATE GENERAL IN TUNIS
ATTACKED BY MOB

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[Redacted]

The reported attack on the American consulate general and information center in Tunis by French mobs on 9 March is evidence of the strong anti-American sentiment dominating

French settler thinking. It reflects a general French sentiment against American information activity, which has been favorably received by the Arab population. This attack is the second on an American installation within the past nine months. The information center was bombed on 28 June, at which time an unexploded bomb was found at the residence of an American vice consul.

The French high commissioner in Tunis, who was also attacked by the mob, recently informed the American embassy in Paris that the French population in Tunisia had not yet accepted the fact of full Tunisian independence. The French settlers believe that the United States has encouraged the nationalists in their demands for full independence and intends to usurp France's position and drive them out of Tunisia. They have been encouraged in this belief by recent statements made by French foreign minister Pineau and Prime Minister Mollet, who have claimed that France's policies are not fully supported by its allies. In view of the distrust of American motives prevailing in France and French North Africa, similar attacks on American installations in Algeria and Morocco are possible.

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2. BRITAIN DEPORTS ARCHBISHOP MAKARIOS

[Redacted]

Britain's deportation of Cypriot archbishop Makarios, in line with its new tough policy, invites a new wave of terrorism in Cyprus and makes impossible any further negotiations for a settlement. The announcement of Britain's move interrupted Greek preparations for

Makarios' arrival for talks with Greek government officials and was followed by large-scale demonstrations against the British in Athens and Salonika.

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Athens,
under a new government which is trying to develop popular support, may seek to identify itself with public opinion by some dramatic counter-move such as a rupture of relations with Britain.

The Greeks will give new encouragement and support to violent resistance to the British on Cyprus, and may also permit popular demonstrations against Britain, Turkey and the United States.

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25X1A 4. SOVIET LEADERS DISCUSS INTERNAL QUESTIONS

[Redacted]

At a reception on 6 March, the top Soviet leaders emphasized to Ambassador Bohlen that under present conditions in the Soviet Union collective leadership is the only form of rule possible. Khrushchev claimed that it was "absolute nonsense" that he was on the way to becoming another "great leader," and Mikoyan later made a statement along this same line.

Khrushchev admitted that certain adjustments in economic policy had been necessary, partly because the Soviet leadership came to realize that disarmament was not an immediate prospect. Both Khrushchev and Malenkov vigorously denied, however, that there had been any "quarrel" between them on economic policy, and Malenkov reiterated that lack of experience was the reason for his resignation as chairman of the Council of Ministers. Bohlen comments that although candor marked these discussions, he felt the statements on Malenkov were not entirely frank.

Mikoyan described Stalin's later days as "difficult times" and said that Stalin frequently made decisions on his own without consultation "with any of us." He said that by this procedure Stalin had abolished the principle of voting in party organs and in effect had destroyed their usefulness. Khrushchev stated that decisions in the

party presidium are now usually reached without vote, but in the event of disagreement which cannot be ironed out in discussion, a vote is "obligatory."

Mikoyan intimated that the process of rewriting Soviet history might be quite far-reaching and said that in all probability Lenin's testament--his last statement on the succession problem--would be made public.

Comment These remarks provide the best evidence to date on how collective leadership actually operates within the top echelons of the Soviet hierarchy.

Trotsky claimed that Lenin's testament called for Stalin's removal as general secretary of the party. Publication of the testament could be used as a device to discredit Stalin completely.

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6. TUNISIANS OPPOSE DELAY OF NEGOTIATIONS
WITH FRANCE

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The French government has requested a recess of the current negotiations with Tunisia during the National Assembly debate on Algeria, according to

25X1A Tunisian deputy premier Bahi Ladgham. He told the American embassy in Paris that France was trying to tie Tunisia's hands in defense matters, although he admitted that the two governments were virtually agreed on the conduct of Tunisian foreign affairs.

Ladgham fears that more than a week's suspension would lead to an upsurge of Tunisian nationalism, with many extremists joining the Algerian rebels. He said that if an agreement were not reached before the Tunisian elections are held on 25 March, the assembly then elected would unilaterally declare the country's independence and would abrogate the existing treaties with France.

Comment Although an agreement in principle was reached prior to the commencement of these negotiations on 29 February, the deliberations apparently have not gone smoothly. The French high commissioner in Tunis, who was in Paris at the time, informed the American embassy on 7 March that Minister of State Savary disapproved an American plan to send food and clothing into Tunisia because France's position would be greatly weakened if the Tunisians gained the impression that they could get material or financial support elsewhere. [redacted]

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8. INDIA ACCEPTS SOVIET STEEL MILL

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[Redacted]

The announcement on 8 March that India has accepted the offer of a Soviet steel mill indicates that New Delhi is satisfied with Soviet terms and equipment but that it has ac-

cepted only the original offer of a mill capable of producing 1,000,000 tons of steel ingots annually. It apparently has not yet accepted a recent Soviet offer to increase the capacity of the mill by 300,000 ingot tons, though at least one news release suggests it may do so later.

Completion of negotiations and commencement of construction may lead to some loss of public interest in the Soviet mill, which heretofore has had a strong propaganda impact. The USSR may therefore search for another project of equal publicity value, whose offer to India would keep public attention focused on the USSR. Soviet interest in India's basic heavy industries suggests that any dramatic new Soviet offer might deal with petroleum or mineral development.

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THE ARAB-ISRAELI SITUATION
(Information as of 1700, 9 March)

The American embassy in Tel Aviv believes that Prime Minister Ben-Gurion's remarks in the Israeli parliament on 6 March, when he affirmed his government's intention to avoid a "preventive war," indicates Israeli leaders are now concerned with restoring the public morale depressed by earlier alarmist statements about growing Arab strength. The embassy also believes Ben-Gurion's renewed rejection of preventive war, in the face of strong opposition criticism and against the background of current border troubles, gives some ground for believing that Israel may avoid "adventurous reactions" for the time being.

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An Israeli newspaper reported on 29 February that the first volunteer members of an international Jewish force are expected to arrive in Israel in March. An appeal was made early last November to Jewish communities abroad to send 100,000 immigrant youth to help defend Israel's borders.

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Two factions have developed within the

Jordan Arab Legion, according to the American military attaché in Amman. On the night of 6-7 March one faction attempted to kidnap a leader of the other group. The basic cause of the factionalism is the question of officer assignments to replace departing British personnel. The attaché comments that King Hussain is probably caught in the middle of this struggle, and that a coup by one of the factions is possible if a compromise is not worked out. These developments, he believes, bode ill for the future of the legion as a military force.

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